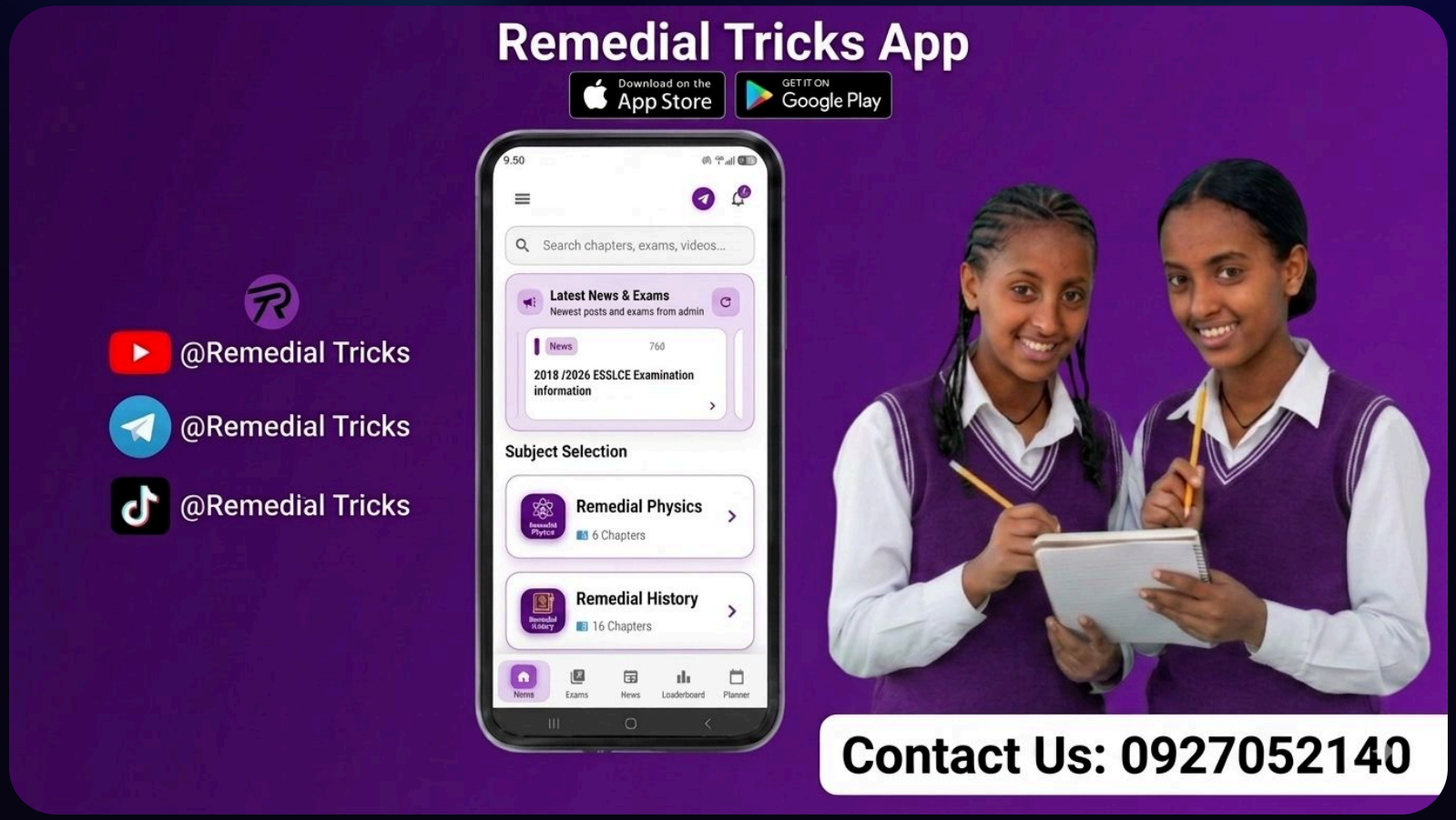
2019 Pre University: Remedial History course content



📜 Unit 1: Introduction to History

What Is History & How Do We Study It?

- **Definition & Uses:** History as a record of human past — political, social, economic, cultural
- **Methods of Study:** Primary sources (artifacts, documents), secondary sources, oral traditions, archaeology
- **Origin of Human Beings:** Evolution in Africa — Australopithecus → Homo habilis → Homo sapiens; Omo Valley (Ethiopia) fossils
- **Emergence of State:** Hunter-gatherer bands → chiefdoms → early states; Neolithic Revolution ~10,000 BCE
- **Major Civilizations:** Mesopotamia, Egypt, Indus Valley, China — writing, cities, trade, governance, religion

🗺️ Unit 2: State Formation in the Horn of Africa

1

Ancient States

Punt → Da'amet (1st millennium BCE) → **Aksum** (Christianity 330 CE, obelisks)

2

Zagwe Dynasty

900–1270 CE — Lalibela rock-hewn churches; Yimrehane Kristos reforms

3

Muslim Sultanates

Shoa, Ifat, Dawaro, Hadya — Islamic expansion from 9th century

4

Gragn Wars

Ahmed Ibn Ibrahim 1529–1543; Portuguese alliance with Ethiopia

5

Oromo Migrations

16th C movements; Gada System — 8-year age-grade democratic governance (Gumii assembly)

🌍 Unit 3: The Modern World Since 1500

Ideas & Revolutions

- **Renaissance (14th–17th C):** Da Vinci, Michelangelo; humanism
- **Reformation (1517):** Martin Luther's 95 Theses; Protestant split
- **Scientific Revolution & Enlightenment:** Copernicus, Newton; Locke, Rousseau, Voltaire
- **French Revolution 1789:** Liberty, Equality, Fraternity
- **Napoleonic Era 1799–1815:** Spread of revolutionary ideals across Europe

Expansion & Nation-Building

- **Age of Exploration:** Columbus 1492, Vasco da Gama 1498; European expansion
- **Industrial Revolution (1760s):** Steam engine, factories, urbanization; social inequality
- **American Independence 1776;** Civil War 1861–65 (abolition of slavery)
- **Unification of Italy 1861:** Garibaldi, Cavour
- **Unification of Germany 1871:** Bismarck; decline of Ottoman Empire

🏰 Unit 4: The Gondarian Period

Jesuit Controversy

Susenyos converts to Catholicism 1622 → civil unrest → Fasilides reverses 1632

Gondar Founded 1636

Fasilides establishes capital — castles, churches, trade hub; Fasil Ghebbi (UNESCO)

Yejju Dynasty

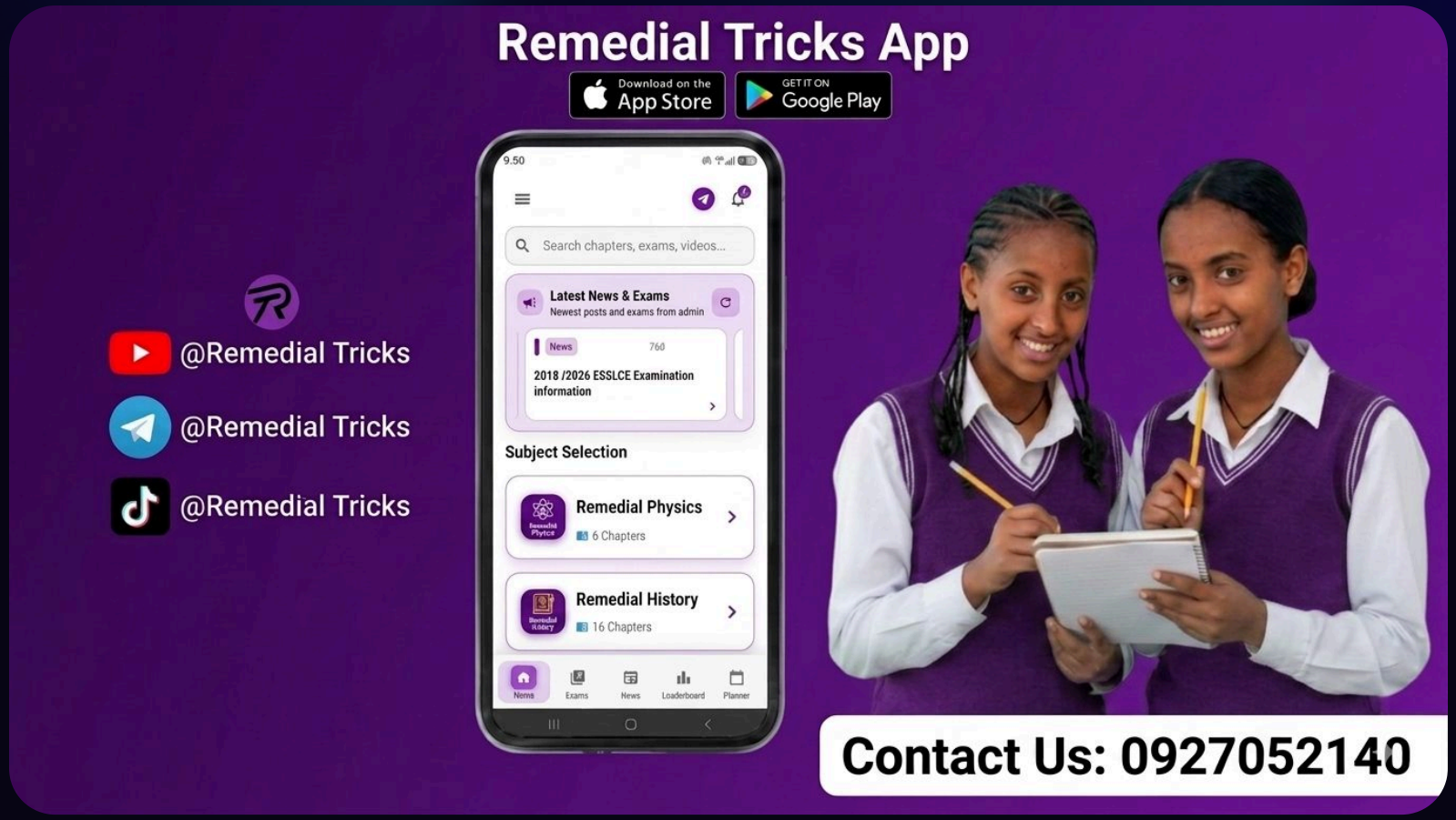
Oromo nobles rise; Ras Ali I, Ras Gugsa — emperors become figureheads

Zemene Mesafint (1769–1855)

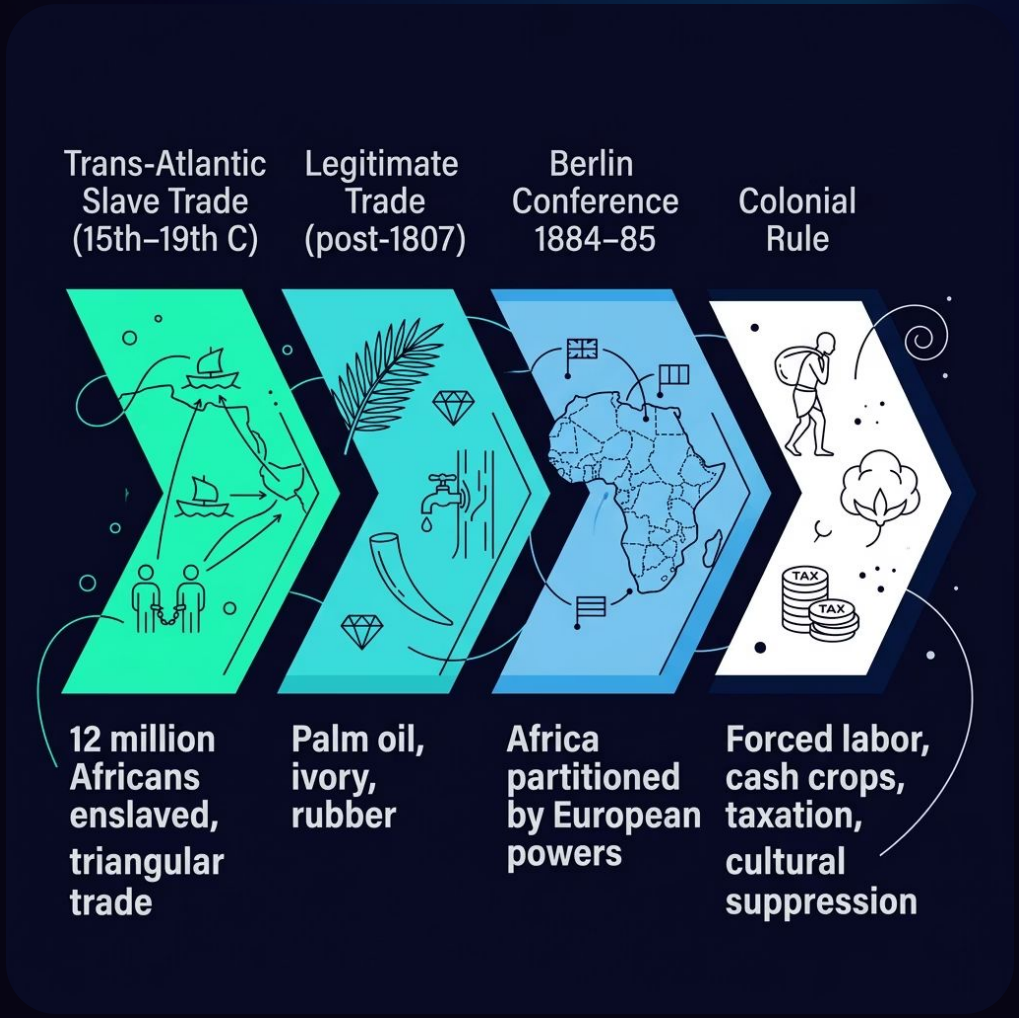
Era of the Lords — political fragmentation, warlords, economic decline

⭐ First Round Model Review

Ancient & Medieval History — Units 1–4



Unit 5: Africa and the Outside World to 1900



Impact on African Societies

- **Trans-Atlantic Slave Trade (15th–19th C):** ~12 million Africans enslaved; devastating demographic & social impact
- **Legitimate Trade:** Post-1807 abolition shift to palm oil, groundnuts, ivory; European economic penetration deepens
- **Berlin Conference 1884–85:** Africa partitioned by European powers without African consent
- **Colonial Rule:** Forced labor, cash crops, taxation; destruction of traditional governance; infrastructure built for extraction

🚩 Unit 6: Formation of Modern Ethiopia 1855–1941



Tewodros II (1855–68)

Reunifies Ethiopia; modernization begins; resists European interference



Menelik II — Modernizer

Railway (Addis–Djibouti 1917), telegraph, schools; Addis Ababa capital 1886



Battle of Adwa — March 1, 1896

Ethiopia defeats Italy — landmark African victory; only nation to resist colonization successfully



Italian Invasion 1935–41

Mussolini invades; Haile Selassie appeals to League of Nations; liberation with Allied help 1941

⚔️ Unit 7: Major Global Developments

1. **World War I (1914–1918)**

   Assassination of Archduke Franz Ferdinand; Allied vs. Central Powers; ~20M dead; Treaty of Versailles 1919

2. **Russian Revolution 1917**

   February: Tsar abdicates → October: Bolsheviks (Lenin) seize power → USSR formed 1922

3. **World War II (1939–1945)**

   Hitler's expansionism; Holocaust; ~70–85M dead; atomic bombs on Japan; Allied victory

4. **UNO Founded 1945 & Cold War**

   51 founding members; USA (NATO) vs. USSR (Warsaw Pact); arms race; Berlin Wall 1961–89; USSR collapse 1991

✊ Unit 8: African Move Towards Independence

Resistance to Liberation

- **Early Resistance:** Maji Maji (Tanzania 1905), Chimurenga (Zimbabwe), Zulu Wars — seeds of nationalism planted
- **Decolonization:** Post-WWII wave; UN pressure; **1960 "Year of Africa"** — 17 nations independent
- **Liberation Struggles:** Algeria (FLN, 1954–62), Kenya (Mau Mau, 1952–60), Zimbabwe, Mozambique, Angola
- **Pan-Africanism:** W.E.B. Du Bois, Marcus Garvey, Kwame Nkrumah — unity of African peoples globally

Institutions & Challenges

- **OAU Founded 1963:** Addis Ababa; 32 founding members; promote unity, end colonialism; became AU in 2002
- **Economy & Society:** Neo-colonialism; dependency on former colonizers; poverty, corruption, instability challenges
- **Cold War & Africa:** Superpowers fund proxy conflicts — Angola, Congo, Ogaden War 1977–78

🏛️ Unit 9: Ethiopia Since Liberation

01

Post-1941: Imperial Era

British influence; US–Ethiopia alliance; Kagnew Station (US military base, Asmara)

02

Eritrean Question

Federated 1952 → annexed 1962 → EPLF struggle → independence referendum 1993

03

Dergue (1974–1991)

Military junta deposes Haile Selassie; Mengistu; land collectivization; Red Terror; famine 1984–85

04

Post-1991 Ethiopia

EPRDF takes power; ethnic federalism; new constitution 1995; 2018 reforms under PM Abiy Ahmed

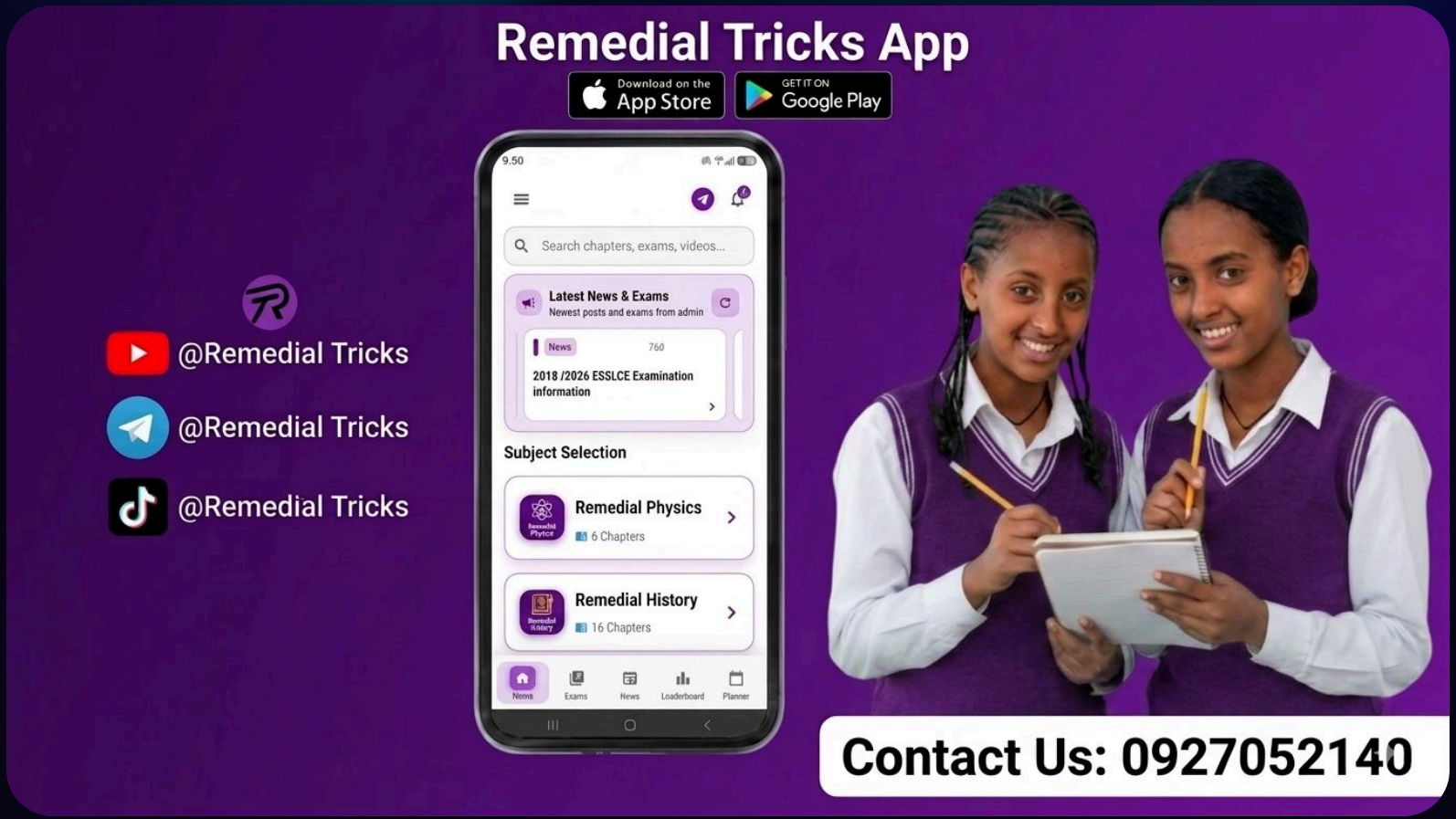
05

Indigenous Heritage

Gada System (UNESCO 2016), Timkat, Meskel, Ge'ez script, Lalibela, Aksum obelisks

⭐ Second Round Model Review

Modern & Contemporary History — Units 5–9



📋 Revision — All 9 Units

Units 1–5

Unit 1

History methods | Human evolution — Omo Valley | Egypt, Mesopotamia civilizations

Unit 2

Aksum 330 CE | Zagwe (Lalibela) | Gragn Wars 1529 | Gada System

Unit 3

Renaissance | Reformation 1517 | French Revolution 1789 | Italy 1861 / Germany 1871

Unit 4

Gondar 1636 | Jesuit controversy | Zemene Mesafint 1769–1855

Unit 5

Slave Trade | Berlin Conference 1884 | Colonial rule impacts

Units 6–9

Unit 6

Adwa 1896 | Italian Invasion 1935 | Liberation 1941

Unit 7

WWI 1914–18 | Russian Revolution 1917 | WWII 1939–45 | UNO 1945 | Cold War

Unit 8

Decolonization | Year of Africa 1960 | Pan-Africanism | OAU 1963

Unit 9

Dergue 1974 | Eritrea 1993 | Post-1991 Ethiopia | Indigenous Heritage (UNESCO)

🏆 THIRD ROUND MODEL

UNIT(1-9)

